

8. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if

$$y = x^{(x^4 + 3x - 1)}$$

1. $\int \frac{5x}{2x+1} dx$

9. $\int \csc(5x) dx$

2. $\int \frac{4x}{\sqrt{x^2-3}} dx$

6. Find the exact area defined by $y = 4e^{-3x}$, the x-axis and the lines $x=1$ and $x=2$

3. Find the general solution of $\sqrt{x^2-16} y' = \frac{5}{x}$

4. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{x+6}\right)$

*Note: Write answer as a single unit

$$10. \int \frac{-8^{\cot x}}{\sin^2 x} dx$$

$$7. \text{ If } y = 2(7^{-3x}), \text{ find } \frac{dy}{dx}.$$

$$1. \frac{5}{4}(2x+1) - \frac{5}{4} \ln|2x+1| + C$$

$$2. 4\sqrt{x^2-3} + C$$

$$3. y = \frac{5}{4} \operatorname{arcsec} \frac{|x|}{4} + C$$

$$4. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2x+6}{3x(x+6)}$$

$$5. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-x^2}{2(1+x^2)^2}$$

$$6. \frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{1}{e^3} - \frac{1}{e^{12}} \right)$$

$$7. \frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \cdot \ln 7 \cdot -3 \cdot 7^{-3x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -6 \ln 7 \cdot 7^{-3x}$$

$$8. \ln y = (x^4 + 3x - 1) \ln x$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = (x^4 + 3x - 1) \frac{1}{x} + \ln x (4x^3 + 3)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x^{(x^4+3x-1)} \left[\frac{x^4+3x-1}{x} + \ln x (4x^3+3) \right]$$

$$9. -\frac{1}{5} \ln |\csc x + \cot x| + C$$

$$10. \frac{8^{\cot x}}{\ln 8} + C$$

$$11. -\frac{7}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x+4}{2}\right) + C$$